

"Austrian" oval

MARIAUD CONSULTING



Layout of an "Austrian" oval (Construction based on the major axis)

1. Principe

The oval is constructed by a succession of circular arcs connected to one another.

The objective is to obtain a curve:

- Regular
- Symmetrical
- Without breaks between the arcs

• Step 1

Trace the major axis

- Trace the segment [AB]

major axis = 120 mm



• Step 2

Construction of the minor axis (*very important*) Place point O, the midpoint of [AB]

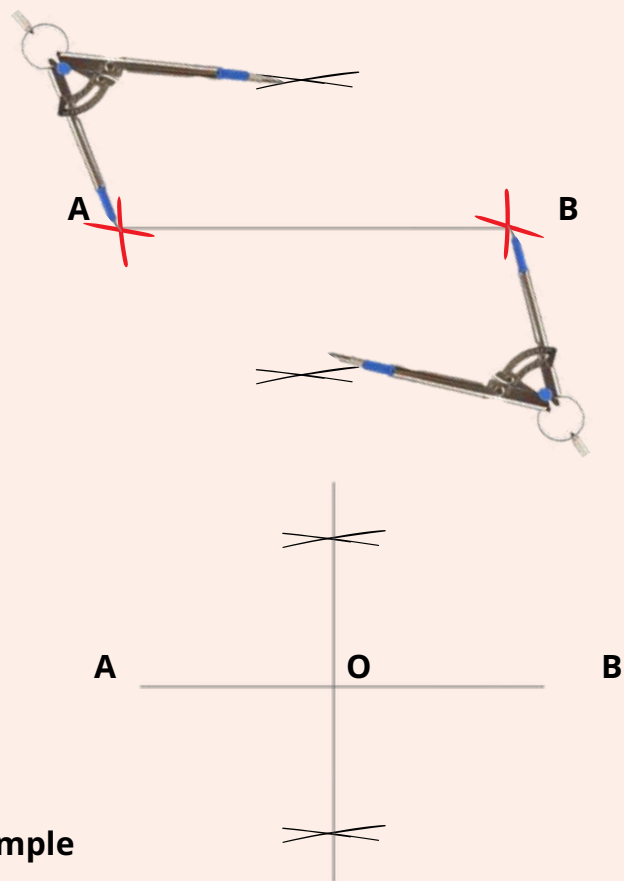
Compass method:

- Set an opening greater than half of [AB]
- From A, draw an arc above and below
- From B, draw the same arcs

The intersections provide two points

Connect these two points perpendicular bisector of [AB] → you obtain the

The minor axis measures 75 mm in this example and is centered on the AB axis.



"Austrian" oval

• Step 3

Determination of the minor radius

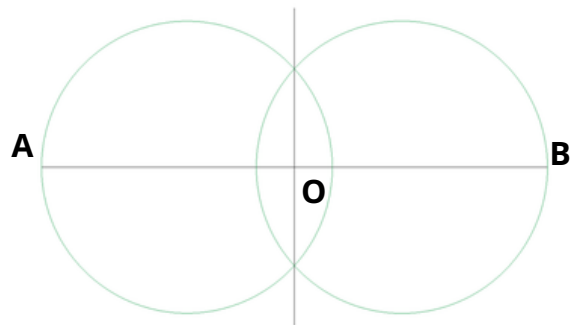
$$\text{Minor radius} = \frac{\text{width}}{2} - 8\%$$
$$75/2 = 37.5 \rightarrow 37.5 - 8\% = 34.5$$

Minor radius = **34.5**

Construction circles layout

- Place the centers on the minor axis
- draw two circles:
 - left center
 - right center

Radius = 34.5



• Step 4

Determination of the major radius

$$\text{Major radius} = \text{minor radius} \times 1.2$$

$$34.5 \times 1.2 = 41.4$$

Major radius = **41.4**

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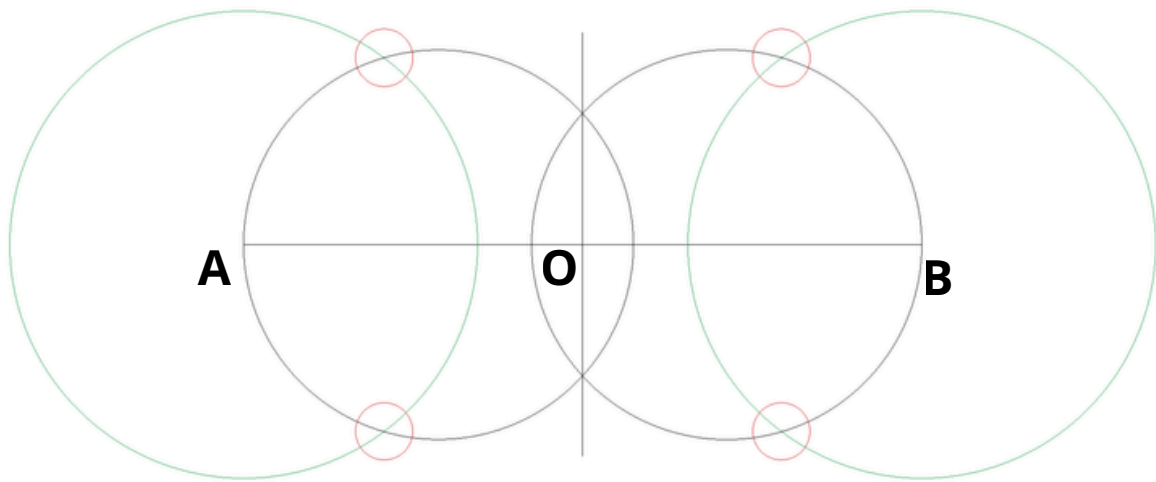
• Step 5

Construction of the blending points

- Draw a circle with a radius of **41.4**

center = extremity of the major axis (top and bottom)

The intersections with the previous circles provide the blending points (circled in red in the figure)



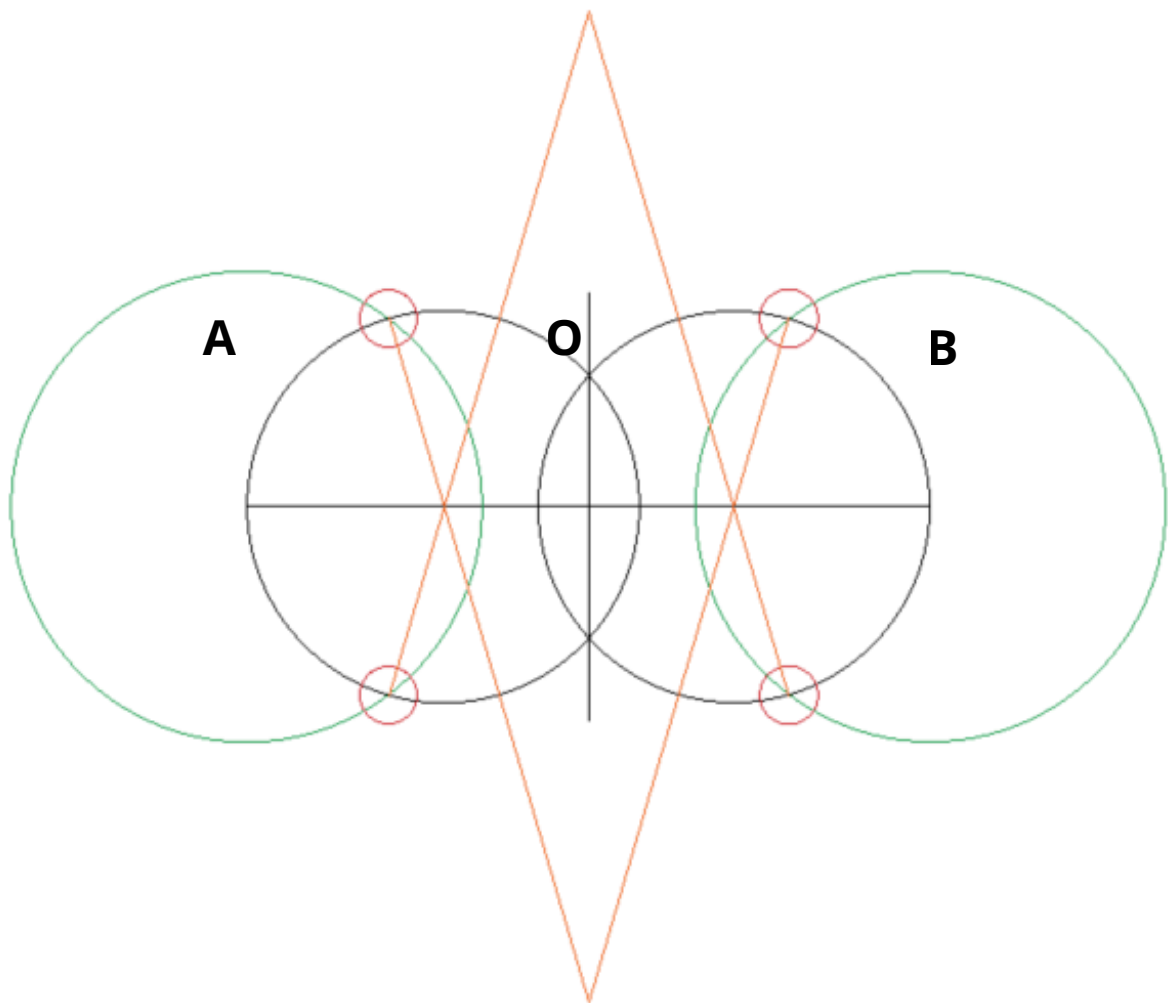
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• Step 6

Determination of the major arc centers

- From each blending point, draw a line passing through the center of the corresponding small circle.
- Perform this construction on **both sides**.

Perform this construction on both sides.



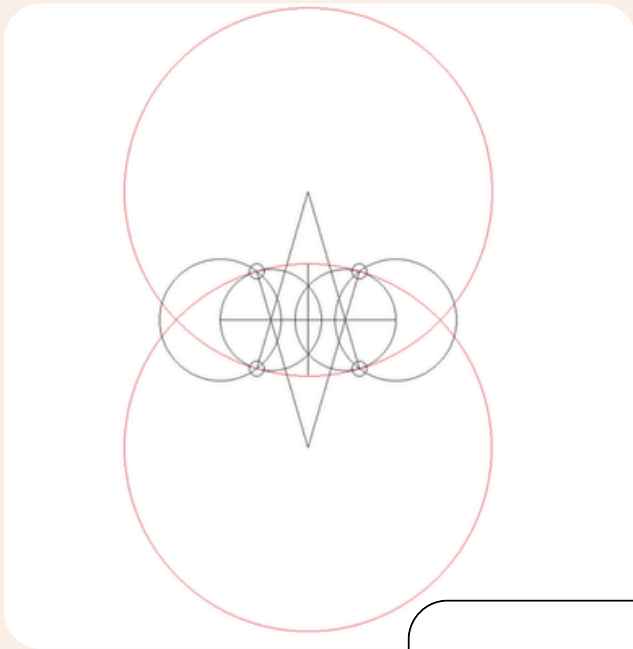
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• Step 7

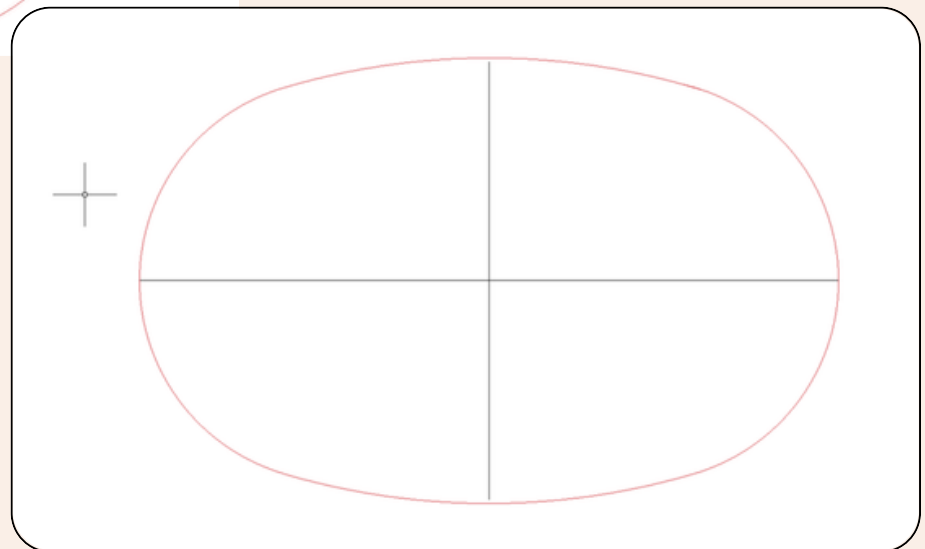
Layout of the arcs

- Draw the head arcs ($R = 34.5$)
- Draw the side arcs ($R = 41.4$)

Perform this construction on both sides.



This layout results in a rather rectangular shape, but lacks precision: a discrepancy in the final width is therefore normal.





*It is up to you to put
this into practice
and perfect your
craftsmanship!*